# TI-99/4A BASIC Reference Card

**C:** COMMAND **F:** FUNCTION **S:** STATEMENT

**ABS** *(numeric-expression)*
returns absolute value. **F**

**ASC** *(string-expression)*
returns the ASCII code of the first character of the string expression. **F**

**ATN** *(radian-expression)*
returns trigonometric Arctangent. **F**

**BREAK** |*line-list*|
causes program to halt when encountered or optionally when lines listed are encountered. **C,S**

**BYE**
closes open files and leaves TI BASIC. **C**

**CALL CHAR** *(character-code, pattern-identifier)*
redefines specified ASCII code using 16 character HEX coded string. **C,S**

**CALL CLEAR**
places the space character (ASCII 32) in all screen positions. **C,S**

**CALL COLOR** *(character-set, foreground-color, background-color)*
specifies foreground and background colors of all characters in the specified set. **C,S**

**CALL GCHAR** *(row, column, numeric-variable)*
returns the ASCII code of the character located at specified row (1-24) and column (1-32). **C,S**

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**CALL HCHAR** *(row,column,character-code* |,*repetitions*|)
places ASCII character at specified row (1-24) and column (1-32) and optionally repeats it horizontally. **C,S**

**CALL JOYST** *(key-unit,x-return,y-return)*
inputs data based on the x (−4, 0, 4) and y (−4, 0, 4) position of the specified key-unit (1-4). **C,S**

**CALL KEY** *(key-unit,return-variable, status-variable)*
assigns ASCII code of key pressed on specified key-unit (0-5) to return-variable. **C,S**
Status information:
1 = new key pressed
−1 = same key pressed
0 = no key pressed

**CALL SCREEN** *(color-code)*
changes screen color. **C,S**

**CALL SOUND** *(duration,freq1,volume1* |,*freq2,volume2*| |,*freq3, volume3*| |,*freq4,volume4*|)
controls up to three tone and one noise generators. Tone and noise parameters can occur in any order. Negative duration causes immediate sound update. **C,S**
*duration:* 1 thru 4250 ms.
−4250 thru −1 ms.
*frequency:* 110 thru 44733 Hz (cycles/sec.) for tone
−1 thru −8 for noise
*volume:* 0 (loudest) thru 30 (softest)

**CALL VCHAR** *(row,column,character-code* |,*repetitions*|)
places ASCII character at specified row (1-24) and column (1-32) and optionally repeats it vertically. **C,S**

**CHR$** *(numeric-expression)*
returns the string character corresponding to the ASCII code. **F**

**CLOSE** #*file-number* |**:DELETE**|
discontinues association between a file and a program and optionally erases a file. **C,S**

{ **CONTINUE** / **CON** }
resumes execution after breakpoint has been encountered. **C**

**COS** *(radian-expression)*
returns trigonometric cosine. **F**

**DATA** *data-list*
stores numeric and string constant data in a program. **S**

**DEF** *function-name*|(*parameter*)| = *expression*
associates user-defined numeric or string expression with function name. **S**

**DELETE** { *file-name* / *program-name* }
removes program or file from computer's filing system. **C**

**DIM** {*array-name* (integer1| ,integer2| |,integer3|)} . . . .
dimensions the listed arrays as specified by integers. **C,S**

**DISPLAY** | *print-list* |
(see **PRINT** statement) **C,S**

{ **EDIT** *line-number* / *line-number* { ↑ / ↓ } }
displays a line for editing. **C**

**END**
terminates program execution. **C,S**

**EOF** *(numeric-expression)*
returns the end-of-file condition of the specified file. **F**
0: not end-of-file
1: logical end-of-file
−1: physical end-of-file

**EXP** *(numeric-expression)*
returns exponential value ($e^x$) of the argument. **F**

**FOR** *control-variable = initial-value* **TO** *limit*
[**STEP** *increment*]
repeats execution of statements between FOR and NEXT until the control-variable exceeds the limit. STEP default is one. **S**

**GOSUB** *line-number*
transfers control to a subroutine at specified line-number until RETURN encountered. **S**

**GOTO** *line-number*
unconditionally branches to specified line-number. **S**

**IF** { *relational-expression* / *numeric-expression* } **THEN** *line-number1*
[**ELSE** *line-number2*]
transfers control to line-number1 if the relational expression is true or the numeric expression is not equal to zero. If false or equal to zero, control passes to the next statement or optionally to line-number2. **S**

**INPUT** [*input-prompt;*]*variable-list*
suspends program execution until data is entered from the keyboard. The optional input-prompt indicates data to be entered. **S**

**INPUT** #*file-number* [,**REC** *record-number*]
*;variable-list*
assigns data from specified file to the listed variables. Records are read sequentially unless optional REC clause is used. **S**

**INT** *(numeric-expression)*
returns greatest integer less than or equal to the argument. **F**

**LEN** *(string-expression)*
returns the number of characters in the string expression. **F**

[**LET**] { *numeric-variable = numeric-expression* / *string-variable = string-expression* }
assigns the value of an expression to the specified variable. **C,S**

**LIST** [ { *line-number* / *line-number1-line-number2* / *-line-number* / *line-number-* } ]
sequentially displays program statements and optionally a single line number or all lines between the specified line numbers. **C**

**LOG** *(numeric-expression)*
returns natural logarithm. **F**

**NEW**
clears memory and screen and prepares computer for new program. **C**

**NEXT** *control-variable* (See **FOR** statement.) **S**

{ **NUMBER** / **NUM** } [*initial-line*][,*increment*]
automatically generates sequenced line numbers starting at 100 in increments of 10. Optionally, an initial line and/or increment may be specified. **C**

**OLD** *file-name*
loads a program from a mass storage device into the computer's memory. **C**

**ON** *numeric-expression* **GOSUB** *line-number-list*
transfers control to the subroutine with a beginning line number in the position corresponding to the value of the numeric expression. **S**

**ON** *numeric-expression* **GOTO** *line-number-list*
unconditionally branches to line number in the position corresponding to the value of the expression. **S**

**OPEN** #*file-number:file-name*[,*file-organization*]
[,*file-type*][, *open-mode*][,*record-type*]
prepares a program to use specified file. **C,S**
*file-number:* 0-255
*file-organization:* SEQUENTIAL or RELATIVE
*file-type:* DISPLAY or INTERNAL
*open-mode:* INPUT, OUTPUT, UPDATE, or APPEND
*record-type:* FIXED or VARIABLE

**OPTION BASE** { 0 / 1 }
sets the lowest allowable subscript of arrays to zero or one. Default is zero. **S**

**POS** *(string1,string2,numeric-expression)*
returns the position of string2 in string 1. Search begins at position specified by numeric expression. Returns zero if no match is found. **F**

**PRINT** { [*print-list*] / #*file-number* [,**REC** *record-number*] [*;print-list*] }
outputs to the display screen and optionally to an external file or device. The REC clause directs output to the specified record number. **C,S**

**RANDOMIZE** [*seed*]
resets random number generator to an unpredictable sequence. With optional seed (numeric-expression), the sequence is repeatable. **C,S**

**READ** *variable-list*
assigns number and string constants in DATA statements to variables listed. **S**

**REM**
indicates internal program documentation. **C,S**

**{RESEQUENCE / RES}** |*initial-line*|,*increment*|
renumbers program statements starting at 100 in increments of 10. Optionally an initial line number and/or increment may be specified. **C**

**RESTORE** { #*file-number*|,**REC** *record-number*| / |*line-number*| }
indicates the record or line from which data will be read. If no options, the beginning of a file or first data statement will be read next. **C,S**

**RETURN**
transfers program control from subroutine to statement following corresponding GOSUB or ON . . . GOSUB statement. **S**

**RND**
generates a pseudo-random number greater than or equal to zero and less than one. **F**

**RUN** |*line-number*|
starts program execution at the lowest numbered statement or optionally at the specified line number. **C**

**SAVE** *file-name*
places a copy of current program on the specified device. **C**

**SEG$** *(string-expression,position,length)*
returns a substring beginning in the specified position with specified length. **F**

**SGN** *(numeric-expression)*
returns 1 if argument is positive, 0 if argument equals zero, and −1 if argument is negative. **F**

**SIN** *(radian-expression)*
returns the trigonometric sine. **F**

**SQR** *(numeric-expression)*
returns square root. **F**

**STOP**
terminates program execution. **C,S**

**STR$** *(numeric-expression)*
converts the value of the argument into a string. **F**

**TAB** *(numeric-expression)*
controls column position of the output from a PRINT or DISPLAY statement. **F**

**TAN** *(radian-expression)*
returns the trigonometric tangent. **F**

**TRACE**
lists line numbers of statements before they are executed. **C,S**

**UNBREAK** |*line-list*|
removes all breakpoints or optionally those from lines listed. **C,S**

**UNTRACE**
cancels the TRACE command. **C,S**

**VAL** *(string-expression)*
converts a string representation of a number into a numeric constant. **F**

**Numeric Operators:** +, −, *, /, ^

**String Operators:** &

**Relational Operators:** >, <, =, >=, <=, <>

**Numeric Range:**

−1E−128 to −9.9999999999999E+127
zero
1E−128 to 9.9999999999999E+127

## CHARACTER SETS

| *Set* | *ASCII Codes* | *Set* | *ASCII Codes* |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 32-39 | 9 | 96-103 |
| 2 | 40-47 | 10 | 104-111 |
| 3 | 48-55 | 11 | 112-119 |
| 4 | 56-63 | 12 | 120-127 |
| 5 | 64-71 | 13 | 128-135 |
| 6 | 72-79 | 14 | 136-143 |
| 7 | 80-87 | 15 | 144-151 |
| 8 | 88-95 | 16 | 152-159 |

## COLOR CODES

| *Value* | *Color* | *Value* | *Color* |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Transparent | 9 | Medium Red |
| 2 | Black | 10 | Light Red |
| 3 | Medium Green | 11 | Dark Yellow |
| 4 | Light Green | 12 | Light Yellow |
| 5 | Dark Blue | 13 | Dark Green |
| 6 | Light Blue | 14 | Magenta |
| 7 | Dark Red | 15 | Gray |
| 8 | Cyan | 16 | White |

## FUNCTION KEY CODES

| *Codes* | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *TI-99/4 & BASIC Modes* | *Pascal Mode* | *Function Name* | *Function Key* |
| 1 | 129 | AID | FCTN 7 |
| 2 | 130 | CLEAR | FCTN 4 |
| 3 | 131 | DELete | FCTN 1 |
| 4 | 132 | INSert | FCTN 2 |
| 5 | 133 | QUIT | FCTN = |
| 6 | 134 | REDO | FCTN 8 |
| 7 | 135 | ERASE | FCTN 3 |
| 8 | 136 | LEFT arrow | FCTN S |
| 9 | 137 | RIGHT arrow | FCTN D |
| 10 | 138 | DOWN arrow | FCTN X |
| 11 | 139 | UP arrow | FCTN E |
| 12 | 140 | PROC'D | FCTN 6 |
| 13 | 141 | ENTER | ENTER |
| 14 | 142 | BEGIN | FCTN 5 |
| 15 | 143 | BACK | FCTN 9 |

## CONTROL KEY CODES

| Codes | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *BASIC Mode* | *Pascal Mode* | *Mnemonic Code* | *Press* |
| 129 | 1 | SOH | CONTROL A |
| 130 | 2 | STX | CONTROL B |
| 131 | 3 | ETX | CONTROL C |
| 132 | 4 | EOT | CONTROL D |
| 133 | 5 | ENQ | CONTROL E |
| 134 | 6 | ACK | CONTROL F |
| 135 | 7 | BEL | CONTROL G |
| 136 | 8 | BS | CONTROL H |
| 137 | 9 | HT | CONTROL I |
| 138 | 10 | LF | CONTROL J |
| 139 | 11 | VT | CONTROL K |
| 140 | 12 | FF | CONTROL L |
| 141 | 13 | CR | CONTROL M |
| 142 | 14 | SO | CONTROL N |
| 143 | 15 | SI | CONTROL O |
| 144 | 16 | DLE | CONTROL P |
| 145 | 17 | DC1 | CONTROL Q |
| 146 | 18 | DC2 | CONTROL R |
| 147 | 19 | DC3 | CONTROL S |
| 148 | 20 | DC4 | CONTROL T |
| 149 | 21 | NAK | CONTROL U |
| 150 | 22 | SYN | CONTROL V |
| 151 | 23 | ETB | CONTROL W |
| 152 | 24 | CAN | CONTROL X |
| 153 | 25 | EM | CONTROL Y |
| 154 | 26 | SUB | CONTROL Z |
| 155 | 27 | ESC | CONTROL . |
| 156 | 28 | FS | CONTROL ; |
| 157 | 29 | GS | CONTROL = |
| 158 | 30 | RS | CONTROL 8 |
| 159 | 31 | US | CONTROL 9 |

## CHARACTER CODES

| *ASCII CODE* | *CHARACTER* | |
|---|---|---|
| 32 | | (space) |
| 33 | ! | (exclamation point) |
| 34 | " | (quote) |
| 35 | # | (number or pound sign) |
| 36 | $ | (dollar) |
| 37 | % | (percent) |
| 38 | & | (ampersand) |
| 39 | ' | (apostrophe) |
| 40 | ( | (open parenthesis) |
| 41 | ) | (close parenthesis) |
| 42 | * | (asterisk) |
| 43 | + | (plus) |
| 44 | , | (comma) |
| 45 | − | (minus) |
| 46 | . | (period) |
| 47 | / | (slant) |
| 48 | 0 | |
| 49 | 1 | |
| 50 | 2 | |
| 51 | 3 | |
| 52 | 4 | |
| 53 | 5 | |
| 54 | 6 | |
| 55 | 7 | |
| 56 | 8 | |
| 57 | 9 | |
| 58 | : | (colon) |
| 59 | ; | (semicolon) |
| 60 | < | (less than) |
| 61 | = | (equals) |
| 62 | > | (greater than) |
| 63 | ? | (question mark) |
| 64 | @ | (at sign) |
| 65 | A | |
| 66 | B | |
| 67 | C | |
| 68 | D | |
| 69 | E | |
| 70 | F | |
| 71 | G | |
| 72 | H | |
| 73 | I | |
| 74 | J | |
| 75 | K | |
| 76 | L | |
| 77 | M | |
| 78 | N | |
| 79 | O | |
| 80 | P | |
| 81 | Q | |
| 82 | R | |
| 83 | S | |
| 84 | T | |
| 85 | U | |
| 86 | V | |
| 87 | W | |
| 88 | X | |
| 89 | Y | |
| 90 | Z | |
| 91 | [ | (open bracket) |
| 92 | \ | (reverse slant) |
| 93 | ] | (close bracket) |
| 94 | ^ | (exponentiation) |
| 95 | — | (line) |
| 96 | ` | (grave) |
| 97 | a | |
| 98 | b | |
| 99 | c | |
| 100 | d | |
| 101 | e | |
| 102 | f | |
| 103 | g | |
| 104 | h | |
| 105 | i | |
| 106 | j | |
| 107 | k | |
| 108 | l | |
| 109 | m | |
| 110 | n | |
| 111 | o | |
| 112 | p | |
| 113 | q | |
| 114 | r | |
| 115 | s | |
| 116 | t | |
| 117 | u | |
| 118 | v | |
| 119 | w | |
| 120 | x | |
| 121 | y | |
| 122 | z | |
| 123 | { | (left brace) |
| 124 | ¦ | |
| 125 | } | (right brace) |
| 126 | ~ | (tilde) |
| 127 | DEL | (appears on screen as a blank.) |
| 128–159 | | (user defined) |